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MPLS-TP Operations, Administration, and Management (OAM) Identifiers Management Information Base (MIB) draft-ietf-mpls-tp-oam-id-mib-07

#### Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes Operations, Administration, and Management (OAM) identifiers related managed objects for Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) and MPLS based Transport Profile (TP).

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# 1 Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects for modeling a Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) [RFC3031] based transport profile.

This MIB module should be used for performing the OAM (Operations, Administration, and Maintenance) operations for MPLS LSP(Label Switched Path), Pseudowires and Sections.

At the time of writing, SNMP SET is no longer recommended as a way to configure MPLS networks as was described in [RFC3812]. However, since the MIB modules specified in this document are intended to work in parallel with the MIB modules for MPLS specified in [RFC3812], certain objects defined here are specified with MAX-ACCESS of readwrite or read-create so that specifications of the base tables in [RFC3812] and the new MIB modules in this document are consistent. Although the examples described in Section 6 specify means to configure OAM identifiers for MPLS-TP tunnels, this should be seen as indicating how the MIB values would be returned in the specified circumstances having been configured by alternative means.

# 2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to <a href="mailto:section 7">section 7</a> of <a href="mailto:RFC3410">RFC3410</a>].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC2578, STD 58, RFC2579 and STD58, RFC2580.

### 3. Overview

### 3.1 Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC-2119 [RFC2119].

### 3.2 Terminology

This document uses terminology from the Multiprotocol Label Switching Architecture [RFC3031], MPLS Traffic Engineering (TE) MIB [RFC3812], MPLS Label Switching Router (LSR) MIB [RFC3813], OAM Framework for MPLS-Based Transport Networks [RFC6371], MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers [RFC6370], MPLS-TP Identifiers Following ITU-T Conventions [RFC6923], and OAM in MPLS Transport Networks [RFC5860].

# 3.3 Acronyms

ICC: ITU Carrier Code
IP: Internet Protocol

LSP: Label Switched Path LSR: Label Switching Router MIB: Management Information Base

ME: Maintenance Entity

MEG: Maintenance Entity Group

MEP: Maintenance Entity Group End Point

MIP: Maintenance Entity Group Intermediate Point

MPLS: Multi-Protocol Label Switching

MPLS-TP: MPLS Transport Profile

PW: Pseudowire

TE: Traffic Engineering TP: Transport Profile

## 4. Feature List

The MPLS transport profile OAM identifiers MIB module is designed to satisfy the following requirements and constraints:

 The MIB module supports configuration of OAM identifiers for MPLS point-to-point Tunnels, point-to-multipoint LSPs, corouted bidirectional LSPs, associated bidirectional LSPs and Pseudowires.

# 5. Brief description of MIB Objects

The objects described in this section support the functionality described in documents  $[\mbox{RFC5654}]$  and  $[\mbox{RFC6370}]$ . The tables support both IP compatible and ICC based OAM identifiers configurations for MPLS Tunnels, LSPs and Pseudowires.

# 5.1. mplsOamIdMegTable

The mplsOamIdMegTable is used to manage one or more Maintenance Entities (MEs) that belongs to the same transport path.

When a new entry is created with mplsOamIdMegOperatorType set to ipCompatible (1), then as per [RFC6370] (MEG\_ID for LSP is LSP\_ID and MEG\_ID for PW is PW\_Path\_ID), MEP\_ID can be automatically formed.

For ICC based transport path, the user is expected to configure the ICC identifier explicitly in this table for MPLS Tunnels, LSPs and pseudowires.

#### 5.2. mplsOamIdMeTable

The mplsOamIdMeTable defines a relationship between two points (source and sink) of a transport path to which maintenance and monitoring operations apply. The two points that define a maintenance entity are called Maintenance Entity Group End Points (MEPs).

In between MEPs, there are zero or more intermediate points, called Maintenance Entity Group Intermediate Points (MIPs).

MEPs and MIPs are associated with the MEG and can be shared by more than one ME in a MEG.

#### 6. MPLS OAM identifier configuration for MPLS LSP example

In this section, we provide an example of the OAM identifier configuration for an MPLS co-routed bidirectional LSP.

This example provides usage of a MEG and ME tables for management and monitoring operations of an MPLS LSP.

This example considers the OAM identifiers configuration on a head-end LSR to manage and monitor a MPLS LSP.
Only relevant objects which are applicable for IP based OAM identifiers of MPLS co-routed bidirectional LSP are illustrated here.

In mplsOamIdMegTable:

```
mplsOamIdMegRowStatus
                                         = createAndGo (4),
       mplsOamIdMegPathFlow
                            = coRoutedBidirectionalPointToPoint (2)
     }
     This will create an entry in the mplsOamIdMegTable to manage and
     monitor the MPLS tunnel.
     The following ME table is used to associate the path information
     to a MEG.
     In mplsOamIdMeTable:
      {
      -- ME index (Index to the table)
      mplsOamIdMeIndex
                                        = 1.
      -- MP index (Index to the table)
      mplsOamIdMeMpIndex
                                        = 1.
      mplsOamIdMeName
                                        = "ME1",
      mplsOamIdMeMpIfIndex
                                       = 0,
       -- Source MEP id is derived from the IP compatible MPLS LSP
      mplsOamIdMeSourceMepIndex
                                       = 0.
      -- Source MEP id is derived from the IP compatible MPLS LSP
      mplsOamIdMeSinkMepIndex = 0,
      mplsOamIdMeMpType
                                      = mep (1),
      mplsOamIdMeMepDirection = down (2),
      -- RowPointer MUST point to the first accessible column of an
      -- MPLS LSP
      mplsOamIdMeServicePointer
                                        = mplsTunnelName.1.1.10.20,
      -- Mandatory parameters needed to activate the row go here
                                       = createAndGo (4)
      mplsOamIdMeRowStatus
7. MPLS OAM Identifiers MIB definitions
  MPLS-OAM-ID-STD-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
      IMPORTS
         MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
         Unsigned32
            FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                              -- [RFC2578]
         MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
            FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                              -- [RFC2580]
         RowStatus, RowPointer, StorageType
            FROM SNMPv2-TC
                                             -- [RFC2579]
         SnmpAdminString
            FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
                                             -- [RFC3411]
```

```
IndexIntegerNextFree
       FROM DIFFSERV-MIB
                                         -- [RFC3289]
    mplsStdMIB
       FROM MPLS-TC-STD-MIB
                                         -- [RFC3811]
    InterfaceIndexOrZero, ifGeneralInformationGroup,
    ifCounterDiscontinuityGroup
       FROM IF-MIB;
                                         -- [RFC2863]
mplsOamIdStdMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
   LAST-UPDATED
      "201412250000Z" -- December 25, 2014
   ORGANIZATION
      "Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Working Group"
   CONTACT-INFO
             Sam Aldrin
             Huawei Technologies, co.
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            Cisco Systems, Inc.
            3750 Cisco Way
            San Jose, California 95134
            USA
```

Email: sboutros@cisco.com

```
DESCRIPTION
       "Copyright (c) 2014 IETF Trust and the persons identified
        as the document authors. All rights reserved.
        This MIB module contains generic object definitions for
       MPLS OAM maintenance identifiers."
   -- Revision history.
   REVISION
      "201412250000Z" -- December 25, 2014
   DESCRIPTION
        "MPLS OAM Identifiers MIB objects for Tunnels, LSPs,
        Pseudowires and Sections"
   ::= { mplsStdMIB xxx } -- xxx to be replaced with the correct
                          -- OID value assigned by
                          -- IANA (see section 9).
-- Top level components of this MIB module.
-- notifications
mplsOamIdNotifications
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsOamIdStdMIB 0 }
-- tables, scalars
mplsOamIdObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsOamIdStdMIB 1 }
-- conformance
mplsOamIdConformance
             OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsOamIdStdMIB 2 }
 -- Start of MPLS Transport Profile MEG table
mplsOamIdMegIndexNext OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX
                    IndexIntegerNextFree (0..4294967295)
      MAX-ACCESS
                    read-only
      STATUS
                   current
      DESCRIPTION
          "This object contains an unused value for
           mplsOamIdMegIndex, or a zero to indicate
           that none exist. Negative values are not allowed,
           as they do not correspond to valid values of
           mplsOamIdMegIndex."
::= { mpls0amId0bjects 1 }
 mplsOamIdMegTable OBJECT-TYPE
            SEQUENCE OF MplsOamIdMegEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
               current
```

#### **DESCRIPTION**

"This table contains information about the Maintenance Entity Groups (MEG).

MEG as mentioned in MPLS-TP OAM framework defines a set of one or more maintenance entities (ME).

Maintenance Entities define a relationship between any two points of a transport path in an OAM domain to which maintenance and monitoring operations apply."

::= { mpls0amId0bjects 2 }

mplsOamIdMegEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsOamIdMegEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents MPLS-TP MEG.
An entry can be created by a network administrator or by an SNMP agent as instructed by an MPLS-TP OAM Framework.

When a new entry is created with mplsOamIdMegOperatorType set to ipCompatible (1), then as per [RFC6370] (MEG\_ID for LSP is LSP\_ID and MEG\_ID for PW is PW\_Path\_ID), MEP\_ID can be automatically formed.

For co-routed bidirectional LSP, MEG\_ID is
A1-{Global\_ID::Node\_ID::Tunnel\_Num}::Z9-{Global\_ID::
Node ID::Tunnel Num}::LSP Num.

For associated bidirectional LSP, MEG\_ID is A1{Global\_ID::Node\_ID::Tunnel\_Num::LSP\_Num}:: Z9{Global ID::Node ID::Tunnel Num::LSP Num}

For LSP, MEP\_ID is formed using,
Global ID::Node ID::Tunnel Num::LSP Num

For PW, MEG\_ID is formed using AGI::A1{Global\_ID::Node\_ID::AC\_ID}:: Z9{Global ID::Node ID::AC ID}.

For PW, MEP\_ID is formed using AGI::Global\_ID::Node\_ID::AC\_ID

MEP\_ID is retrieved from the mpls0amIdMegServicePointer object based on the mpls0amIdMegServicePointerType value. ICC MEG\_ID for LSP and PW is formed using the objects

mplsOamIdMegIdIcc and mplsOamIdMegIdUmc.

```
MEP ID can be formed using MEG ID::MEP Index."
 REFERENCE
     "1. RFC5860, Requirements for OAM in MPLS Transport
         Networks, May 2010.
      2. RFC6371, Operations, Administration, and Maintenance
         Framework for MPLS-Based Transport Networks,
         September 2011 Section 3.
      3. RFC6370, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers.
      4. RFC6923, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers
         Following ITU-T Conventions."
 INDEX { mplsOamIdMegIndex }
 ::= { mplsOamIdMegTable 1 }
 MplsOamIdMegEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
      mplsOamIdMegIndex
                                   Unsigned32,
      mplsOamIdMegName
                                   SnmpAdminString,
      mpls0amIdMeg0peratorType
                                   INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMegIdCc
                                   SnmpAdminString,
      mplsOamIdMegIdIcc
                                   SnmpAdminString,
      mplsOamIdMegIdUmc
                                   SnmpAdminString,
      mplsOamIdMegServicePointerType
                                          INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMegMpLocation
                                   INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMegPathFlow
                                   INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMegOperStatus
                                   INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus
                                   BITS,
                                   RowStatus,
      mplsOamIdMegRowStatus
      mplsOamIdMegStorageType
                                   StorageType
}
mplsOamIdMegIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                 Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Index for the conceptual row identifying a MEG within
        this MEG table. Managers should obtain new values for row
        creation in this table by reading
        mplsOamIdMegIndexNext."
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 1 }
mplsOamIdMegName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..48))
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Each Maintenance Entity Group has unique name amongst
```

```
all those used or available to a service provider or
        operator. It facilitates easy identification of
        administrative responsibility for each MEG."
   ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 2 }
mplsOamIdMegOperatorType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     ipCompatible (1),
                     iccBased (2)
                 }
                 read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates the operator type for MEG. Conceptual rows
        having 'iccBased' as operator type, MUST have valid
        values for the objects mplsOamIdMegIdIcc and
        mplsOamIdMegIdUmc when the row status is active."
   REFERENCE
       "1. RFC6370, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP)
           Identifiers.
        2. RFC6923, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers
           Following ITU-T Conventions. Section 3.1"
   DEFVAL { ipCompatible }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 3 }
mplsOamIdMegIdCc OBJECT-TYPE
               SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..2))
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Global uniqueness is assured by concatenating the ICC
     with a Country Code (CC). The Country Code (alpha-2)
      is a string of two alphabetic characters represented
      with upper case letters (i.e., A-Z).
      This object MUST contain a non-null ICC value if
      the MplsOamIdMegOperatorType value is iccBased(2),
      otherwise a null ICC value with octet size 0
      should be assigned."
REFERENCE
   "RFC6923, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers
    Following ITU-T Conventions. Section 3."
DEFVAL {""}
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 4 }
mplsOamIdMegIdIcc OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
               SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..6))
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Unique code assigned to Network Operator or Service
      Provider maintained by ITU-T. The ITU Carrier Code
      used to form MEGID.
      This object MUST contain a non-null ICC value if
      the MplsOamIdMegOperatorType value is iccBased(2),
      otherwise a null ICC value with octet size 0
      should be assigned."
REFERENCE
   "RFC6923, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers
    Following ITU-T Conventions. Section 3.1."
DEFVAL {""}
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 5 }
mplsOamIdMegIdUmc OBJECT-TYPE
               SnmpAdminString (SIZE(0..7))
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Unique code assigned by Network Operator or Service
      Provider and is appended to mplsOamIdMegIdIcc to form
      the MEGID.
      This object MUST contain a non-null ICC value if
      the MplsOamIdMegOperatorType value is iccBased(2),
      otherwise a null ICC value with octet size 0
      should be assigned."
   REFERENCE
      "RFC6923, MPLS Transport Profile (MPLS-TP) Identifiers
       Following ITU-T Conventions. Section 7.1."
   DEFVAL {""}
   ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 6 }
mplsOamIdMegServicePointerType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     tunnel (1),
                     lsp (2),
                     pseudowire (3),
                     section (4)
                 }
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the service type for the MEG.
```

If the service type indicates tunnel, the service pointer in mplsOamIdMeTable points to an entry in the point-to-point mplsTunnelTable [RFC3812].

If the service type indicates lsp, the service pointer in mplsOamIdMeTable points to an entry in the co-routed or associated bidirectional mplsTunnelTable.

If the value is pseudowire service type, the service pointer in mplsOamIdMeTable points to an entry in the pwTable [RFC5601].

If the value is section service type, the service pointer in mplsOamIdMeTable points to an entry in the mplsTunnelTable [RFC3812]." REFERENCE

- "1. Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Traffic Engineering (TE) Management Information Base (MIB), Srinivasan, et al, <u>RFC 3812</u>, June 2004
- 2. Pseudowire (PW) Management Information Base (MIB), Nadeau & Zelig, RFC 5601, July 2009."

```
DEFVAL { lsp }
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 7 }
```

}

perNode (1),
perInterface (2)

MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current

"Indicates the MP location type for this MEG.

If the value is perNode, then the MEG in the LSR supports only perNode MEP/MIP, i.e., only one MEP/MIP in an LSR.

If the value is perInterface, then the MEG in the LSR supports perInterface MEPs/MIPs, i.e., two MEPs/MIPs in an LSR."

#### REFERENCE

DESCRIPTION

"RFC 6371, Operations, Administration, and Maintenance Framework for MPLS-Based Transport Networks, September 2011."

```
DEFVAL { perNode }
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 8 }
```

```
mplsOamIdMegPathFlow OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                   unidirectionalPointToPoint (1),
                   coRoutedBidirectionalPointToPoint (2).
                   associatedBidirectionalPointToPoint (3),
                   unidirectionalPointToMultiPoint (4)
              read-create
MAX-ACCESS
STATUS
              current
DESCRIPTION
  "Indicates the transport path flow for this MEG.
   In case of a unidirectional point-to-point transport path,
   a single unidirectional Maintenance Entity is defined to
   monitor it.
   In case of associated bidirectional point-to-point transport
   paths, two independent unidirectional Maintenance Entities are
   defined to independently monitor each direction.
   In case of co-routed bidirectional point-to-point transport
   paths, a single bidirectional Maintenance Entity is defined to
   monitor both directions congruently.
   In case of unidirectional point-to-multipoint transport paths,
   a single unidirectional Maintenance Entity for each leaf is
   defined to monitor the transport path from the root to
   that leaf."
REFERENCE
  "RFC 6371, Operations, Administration, and Maintenance
   Framework for MPLS-Based Transport Networks,
   September 2011."
DEFVAL { coRoutedBidirectionalPointToPoint }
::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 9 }
mplsOamIdMegOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                INTEGER {
                 up (1),
                 down (2)
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object specifies the operational status of the
        Maintenance Entity Group (MEG). This object is used to
        send the notification to the SNMP manager about the MEG.
        The value up (1) indicates that the MEG and its monitored
        path are operationally up. The value down (2) indicates
        that the MEG is operationally down.
```

When the value of mplsOamIdMegOperStatus is up(1), all

```
the bits of mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus must be cleared.
        When the value of mplsOamIdMegOperStatus is down(2),
        at least one bit of mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus must be
        set."
 ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 10 }
mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                BITS {
                 megDown (0),
                 meDown (1),
                 oamAppDown (2),
                 pathDown (3)
   MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object specifies the reason why the MEG operational
        status as mentioned by the object mplsOamIdMegOperStatus
        is down. This object is used to send the notification to
        the SNMP manager about the MEG.
        The bit 0 (megDown) indicates the MEG is down.
        The bit 1 (meDown) indicates the ME table is
        down.
        The bit 2 (oamAppDown) indicates that the
        OAM application has notified that the entity (LSP or PW)
        monitored by this MEG is down. Currently, BFD is the
        only supported OAM application.
        The bit 3 (pathDown) indicates that the underlying
        LSP or PW is down."
  ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 11 }
mplsOamIdMegRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This variable is used to create, modify, and/or delete
       a row in this table. When a row in this table is in
       active(1) state, no objects in that row can be modified
       by the agent except mplsOamIdMegRowStatus."
   ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 12 }
mplsOamIdMegStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                  StorageType
    MAX-ACCESS
                  read-create
    STATUS
                  current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
      "This variable indicates the storage type for this
       Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent'
       need not allow write-access to any columnar
       objects in the row."
     DEFVAL { volatile }
     ::= { mplsOamIdMegEntry 13 }
-- End of MPLS Transport Profile MEG table
-- Start of MPLS Transport Profile ME table
mplsOamIdMeIndexNext OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX
                    IndexIntegerNextFree (0..4294967295)
      MAX-ACCESS
                    read-only
      STATUS
                    current
      DESCRIPTION
          "This object contains an unused value for
           mplsOamIdMeIndex, or a zero to indicate
           that none exist. Negative values are not allowed,
           as they do not correspond to valid values of
           mplsOamIdMeIndex."
::= { mpls0amId0bjects 3 }
mplsOamIdMeMpIndexNext OBJECT-TYPE
      SYNTAX
                    IndexIntegerNextFree (0..4294967295)
      MAX-ACCESS
                    read-only
      STATUS
                    current
      DESCRIPTION
          "This object contains an unused value for
           mplsOamIdMeMpIndex, or a zero to indicate
           that none exist. Negative values are not allowed,
           as they do not correspond to valid values of
           mplsOamIdMeMpIndex."
::= { mplsOamIdObjects 4 }
mplsOamIdMeTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF MplsOamIdMeEntry
 SYNTAX
 MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
 STATUS
               current
 DESCRIPTION
       "This table contains MPLS-TP maintenance entity
        information.
        ME is some portion of a transport path that requires
        management bounded by two points (called MEPs), and the
```

relationship between those points to which maintenance and monitoring operations apply.

This table is generic enough to handle MEPs and MIPs information within a MEG."

::= { mplsOamIdObjects 5 }

mplsOamIdMeEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX MplsOamIdMeEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents MPLS-TP maintenance entity. This entry represents the ME if the source and sink MEPs are defined.

A ME is a p2p entity. One ME has two such MEPs. A MEG is a group of one or more MEs. One MEG can have two or more MEPs.

For P2P LSP, one MEG has one ME and this ME is associated two MEPs (source and sink MEPs) within a MEG. Each mplsOamIdMeIndex value denotes the ME within a MEG.

In case of unidirectional point-to-point transport paths, a single unidirectional Maintenance Entity is defined to monitor it and mplsOamIdMeServicePointer points to unidirectional point-to-point path.

In case of associated bidirectional point-to-point transport paths, two independent unidirectional Maintenance Entities are defined to independently monitor each direction and each mplsOamIdMeServicePointer MIB object points to unique unidirectional transport path. This has implications for transactions that terminate at or query a MIP, as a return path from MIP to source MEP does not necessarily exist within the MEG.

In case of co-routed bidirectional point-to-point transport paths, a single bidirectional Maintenance Entity is defined to monitor both directions congruently and mplsOamIdMeServicePointer MIB object points to co-routed bidirectional point-to-point transport path.

In case of unidirectional point-to-multipoint transport paths, a single unidirectional Maintenance entity for each leaf is defined to monitor the transport path from the root to that leaf and each leaf has different transport path information in mplsOamIdMeServicePointer MIB object.

```
Note that the MplsOamIdMeEntry should be created manually
       once the MEG is configured for OAM operations."
       INDEX { mplsOamIdMegIndex,
               mplsOamIdMeIndex,
               mplsOamIdMeMpIndex
       ::= { mplsOamIdMeTable 1 }
 MplsOamIdMeEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
      mplsOamIdMeIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
      mplsOamIdMeMpIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
      mplsOamIdMeName
                                        SnmpAdminString,
                                        InterfaceIndexOrZero,
      mplsOamIdMeMpIfIndex
      mplsOamIdMeSourceMepIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
      mplsOamIdMeSinkMepIndex
                                        Unsigned32,
      mplsOamIdMeMpType
                                        INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMeMepDirection
                                        INTEGER,
      mplsOamIdMeServicePointer
                                        RowPointer,
      mplsOamIdMeRowStatus
                                        RowStatus,
      mplsOamIdMeStorageType
                                        StorageType
}
mplsOamIdMeIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Uniquely identifies a maintenance entity index within
      a MEG. Managers should obtain new values for row
      creation in this table by reading
      mplsOamIdMeIndexNext."
   ::= { mpls0amIdMeEntry 1 }
mplsOamIdMeMpIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the maintenance point index, used to create
      multiple MEPs in a node of single ME. The value of this
      object can be MEP index or MIP index. Managers should
      obtain new values for row creation in this table by reading
      mplsOamIdMeMpIndexNext."
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 2 }
mplsOamIdMeName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 SnmpAdminString (SIZE(1..48))
```

```
MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object denotes the ME name, each
        Maintenance Entity has unique name within MEG."
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 3 }
mplsOamIdMeMpIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                 InterfaceIndexOrZero
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the maintenance point interface.
      If the mplsOamIdMegMpLocation object value
      is perNode (1), the MP interface index should point
      to incoming interface or outgoing interface or
      zero (indicates the MP OAM packets are initiated
      from forwarding engine).
      If the mplsOamIdMegMpLocation object value is
      perInterface (2), the MP interface index should point to
      incoming interface or outgoing interface."
   REFERENCE
     "RFC 6371, Operations, Administration, and Maintenance
      Framework for MPLS-Based Transport Networks,
      September 2011.
      RFC 2863 - The Interfaces Group MIB, McCloghrie, K.,
      and F. Kastenholtz, June 2000."
   DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 4 }
mplsOamIdMeSourceMepIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the source MEP Index of the ME. This object
      should be configured if mplsOamIdMegOperatorType object
      in the mplsOamIdMegEntry is configured as iccBased (2).
      If the MEG is configured for IP based operator,
      the value of this object should be set zero and the MEP
      ID will be automatically derived from the service
      Identifiers(MPLS-TP LSP/PW Identifier)."
   DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 5 }
```

```
SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32
                 read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the sink MEP Index of the ME. This object
      should be configured if mplsOamIdMegOperatorType object
      in the mplsOamIdMegEntry is configured as iccBased (2).
      If the MEG is configured for IP based operator,
      the value of this object should be set zero and the MEP
      ID will be automatically derived from the service
      Identifiers(MPLS-TP LSP/PW Identifier)."
   DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 6 }
mplsOamIdMeMpType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     mep(1),
                     mip(2)
                 }
   MAX-ACCESS
                 read-create
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates the maintenance point type within the MEG.
        The object should have the value mep (1), only in the
        Ingress or Egress nodes of the transport path.
        The object can have the value mip (2),
        in the intermediate nodes and possibly in the end nodes
        of the transport path."
   DEFVAL { mep }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 7 }
mplsOamIdMeMepDirection OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                     up (1),
                     down (2),
                     notApplicable (3)
                 read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                 current
   DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the direction of the MEP. This object
      should be configured if mplsOamIdMeMpType is
      configured as mep (1) else notApplicable (3) is set."
   DEFVAL { down }
   ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 8 }
```

#### mplsOamIdMeServicePointer OBJECT-TYPE

RowPointer SYNTAX MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable represents a pointer to the MPLS-TP transport path. This value MUST point at an entry in the mplsTunnelEntry if mplsOamIdMegServicePointerType is configured as tunnel (1) or lsp (2) or section (4) or at an entry in the pwEntry if mplsOamIdMegServicePointerType is configured as pseudowire (3). Note: This service pointer object, is placed in ME table instead of MEG table, since it will be useful in case of point-to-multipoint, where each ME will point to different branches of a P2MP tree." ::= { mpls0amIdMeEntry 9 } mplsOamIdMeRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX RowStatus MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable is used to create, modify, and/or delete a row in this table. When a row in this table is in active(1) state, no objects in that row can be modified by the agent except mplsOamIdMeRowStatus." ::= { mplsOamIdMeEntry 10 } mplsOamIdMeStorageType OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX StorageType MAX-ACCESS read-create STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This variable indicates the storage type for this object. Conceptual rows having the value 'permanent' need not allow write-access to any columnar objects in the row." DEFVAL { volatile } ::= { mpls0amIdMeEntry 11 } -- End of MPLS Transport Profile ME table -- End of MPLS-TP OAM Tables

```
-- Notification Definitions of MPLS-TP identifiers
    mplsOamIdDefectCondition NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                  {
                    mplsOamIdMegName,
                    mplsOamIdMeName,
                    mplsOamIdMegOperStatus,
                    mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus
                  }
    STATUS
                  current
    DESCRIPTION
         "This notification is sent whenever the operational
          status of MEG is changed."
     ::= { mplsOamIdNotifications 1 }
-- End of Notifications.
-- Module Compliance.
mplsOamIdCompliances
  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsOamIdConformance 1 }
mpls0amIdGroups
   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsOamIdConformance 2 }
-- Compliance requirement for fully compliant implementations.
mplsOamIdModuleFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
                current
  DESCRIPTION "Compliance statement for agents that provide full
                support for MPLS-TP-OAM-STD-MIB. Such devices can
                then be monitored and also be configured using
                this MIB module."
  MODULE IF-MIB -- The Interfaces Group MIB, RFC 2863.
  MANDATORY-GROUPS {
      ifGeneralInformationGroup,
      ifCounterDiscontinuityGroup
   }
  MODULE -- This module.
  MANDATORY-GROUPS {
         mplsOamIdMegGroup,
         mplsOamIdMeGroup
   }
  GROUP
                mplsOamIdNotificationObjectsGroup
```

```
DESCRIPTION "This group is only mandatory for those
                implementations which can efficiently implement
                the notifications contained in this group."
  GROUP
                mplsOamIdNotificationGroup
  DESCRIPTION "This group is only mandatory for those
                implementations which can efficiently implement
                the notifications contained in this group."
   ::= { mplsOamIdCompliances 1 }
-- Units of conformance.
mplsOamIdMegGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
      mplsOamIdMegIndexNext,
      mplsOamIdMegName,
      mplsOamIdMegOperatorType,
      mplsOamIdMegIdCc,
      mplsOamIdMegIdIcc,
      mplsOamIdMegIdUmc,
      mplsOamIdMegServicePointerType,
      mplsOamIdMegMpLocation,
      mplsOamIdMegOperStatus,
      mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus,
      mplsOamIdMegPathFlow,
      mplsOamIdMegRowStatus,
      mplsOamIdMegStorageType
   }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
          "Collection of objects needed for MPLS MEG information."
   ::= { mplsOamIdGroups 1 }
mplsOamIdMeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
      mplsOamIdMeIndexNext,
      mplsOamIdMeMpIndexNext,
      mplsOamIdMeName,
      mplsOamIdMeMpIfIndex,
      mplsOamIdMeSourceMepIndex,
      mplsOamIdMeSinkMepIndex,
      mplsOamIdMeMpType,
      mplsOamIdMeMepDirection,
      mplsOamIdMeServicePointer,
      mplsOamIdMeRowStatus,
      mplsOamIdMeStorageType
```

```
}
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
          "Collection of objects needed for MPLS ME information."
   ::= { mplsOamIdGroups 2 }
mplsOamIdNotificationObjectsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
      mplsOamIdMegOperStatus,
      mplsOamIdMegSubOperStatus
   STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
          "Collection of objects needed to implement notifications."
   ::= { mpls0amIdGroups 3 }
mplsOamIdNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
  NOTIFICATIONS {
       mplsOamIdDefectCondition
   }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
          "Set of notifications implemented in this module."
   ::= { mplsOamIdGroups 4 }
END
```

# 8. Security Consideration

There is a number of management objects defined in this MIB module that has a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

 mplsOamIdMegTable and mplsOamIdMeTable collectively show the MPLS OAM characteristics. If an Administrator does not want to reveal this information, then these tables should be considered sensitive/vulnerable.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

Implementations SHOULD provide the security features described by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410]), and implementations claiming compliance to the SNMPv3 standard MUST include full support for authentication and privacy via the User-based Security Model (USM) [RFC3414] with the AES cipher algorithm [RFC3826]. Implementations MAY also provide support for the Transport Security Model (TSM) [RFC5591] in combination with a secure transport such as SSH [RFC5592] or TLS/DTLS [RFC6353].

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

#### 9. IANA Considerations

IANA is requested to assign an OID for the MIB module from the "MIB Transmission Group - MPLS STD" sub-registry of the "Internet-standard MIB - Transmission Group" registry for the MPLS-TP OAM ID MIB module specified in this document.

### 10. References

#### 10.1 Normative References

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## 11. Acknowledgments

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