Internet Engineering Task Force Internet-Draft

Intended status: Standards Track

Expires: August 25, 2009

R. Cole Johns Hopkins University T. Clausen LIX, Ecole Polytechnique February 21, 2009

Definition of Managed Objects for the MANET Optimized Link State Routing Protocol version 2

draft-cole-manet-olsrv2-mib-01

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted to IETF in full conformance with the provisions of \underline{BCP} 78 and \underline{BCP} 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

The list of current Internet-Drafts can be accessed at http://www.ietf.org/ietf/lid-abstracts.txt.

The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed at http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html.

This Internet-Draft will expire on August 25, 2009.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2009 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP-78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document.

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects for configuring and managing aspects of the Optimized Link State Routing protocol version 2. The Optimized Link State Routing MIB also reports state information, performance metrics, and notifications. In addition to configuration, this additional state and performance information is useful to management stations troubleshooting Mobile Ad-Hoc Networks routing problems.

Table of Contents

$\underline{1}$. Introduction	
2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework	<u>3</u>
<u>3</u> . Conventions	<u>3</u>
<u>4</u> . Overview	<u>3</u>
4.1. OLSRv2 Management Model	3
<u>4.2</u> . Terms	<u>3</u>
5. Structure of the MIB Module	4
<u>5.1</u> . Textual Conventions	4
<u>5.2</u> . The Configuration Group	<u>5</u>
<u>5.3</u> . The State Group	<u>5</u>
<u>5.4</u> . The Performance Group	<u>5</u>
<u>5.5</u> . The Notifications Group	<u>5</u>
6. Relationship to Other MIB Modules	<u>5</u>
6.1. Relationship to the SNMPv2-MIB	<u>5</u>
<u>6.2</u> . Relationship to the IF-MIB	<u>5</u>
6.3. MIB modules required for IMPORTS	<u>6</u>
<u>7</u> . Definitions	<u>6</u>
8. Security Considerations	<u>39</u>
9. IANA Considerations	<u>41</u>
<u>10</u> . Contributors	<u>42</u>
11. Acknowledgements	<u>42</u>
<u>12</u> . References	<u>42</u>
12.1. Normative References	<u>42</u>
12.2. Informative References	<u>42</u>
Appendix A. Change Log	<u>43</u>
Appendix B. Open Issues	<u>43</u>
<u>Appendix C</u>	44

1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes objects for configuring aspects of a process implementing the Optimized Link State Routing Protocol version 2 (OLSRv2) [I-D.ietf-manet-olsrv2]. OLSRv2 provides ...

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

4. Overview

Optimized Link State Routing (OLSR) protocol version 2 (OLSRv2) provides ...

4.1. OLSRv2 Management Model

This section describes the management model for the OLSRv2 node routing process. Specifically, ...

4.2. Terms

The following definitions apply throughout this document:

o Configuration Objects - switches, tables, objects which are initialized to default settings or set through the management interface defined by this MIB.

- o Tunable Configuration Objects objects whose values affect timing or attempt bounds on the OLSRv2 routing process.
- o State Objects automatically generated values which define the current operating state of the OLSRv2 routing process in the router.
- o Performance Objects automatically generated values which help an administrator or automated tool to assess the performance of the OLSRv2 routing process on the router and the overall packet forwarding performance within the MANET routing domain.

5. Structure of the MIB Module

This section presents the structure of the Optimized Link State Routing version 2 Management Information Base (OLSRv2-MIB) module. The objects are arranged into the following groups:

- o olsrMIBNotifications defines the notifications associated with the OLSRv2-MIB.
- o olsrMIBObjects defines the objects forming the basis for the OLSRv2-MIB. These objects are divided up by function into the following groups:

0

- * Configuration Group This group contains the OLSR objects that configure specific options that determine the overall operation of the OLSR routing process and the unicast packet forwarding performance.
- * State Group Contains information describing the current state of the OLSR routing process such as the ...
- * Performance Group Contains objects which help to characterize the performance of the OLSR routing process, typically statistics counters.
- o olsrMIBConformance defines minimal and full conformance of implementations to this OLSRv2-MIB.

5.1. Textual Conventions

The textual conventions used in the OLSRv2-MIB are as follows. The RowStatus textual convention is imported from $\underline{\mathsf{RFC}\ 2579}\ [\underline{\mathsf{RFC2579}}]$. Further, ...

5.2. The Configuration Group

The OLSR device is configured with a set of controls. The list of configuration controls for the OLSR device follow.

0 ...

5.3. The State Group

The State Subtree reports current state information. Specifically, ...

0 ...

5.4. The Performance Group

The Performance subtree reports primarily counters that relate to OLSR routing performance. Specifically, ...

0 ...

5.5. The Notifications Group

The Notifications Subtree contains the list of notifications supported within the OLSRv2-MIB and their intended purpose or utility. This group is currently empty.

6. Relationship to Other MIB Modules

[TODO]: The text of this section specifies the relationship of the MIB modules contained in this document to other standards, particularly to standards containing other MIB modules. Definitions imported from other MIB modules and other MIB modules that SHOULD be implemented in conjunction with the MIB module contained within this document are identified in this section.

<u>6.1</u>. Relationship to the SNMPv2-MIB

The 'system' group in the SNMPv2-MIB [RFC3418] is defined as being mandatory for all systems, and the objects apply to the entity as a whole. The 'system' group provides identification of the management entity and certain other system-wide data. The OLSRv2-MIB does not duplicate those objects.

<u>6.2</u>. Relationship to the IF-MIB

[TODO] This section is included as an example; If the MIB module is not an adjunct of the Interface MIB, then this section should be

removed.

6.3. MIB modules required for IMPORTS

[TODO]: Citations are not permitted within a MIB module, but any module mentioned in an IMPORTS clause or document mentioned in a REFERENCE clause is a Normative reference, and must be cited someplace within the narrative sections. If there are imported items in the MIB module, such as Textual Conventions, that are not already cited, they can be cited in text here. Since relationships to other MIB modules should be described in the narrative text, this section is typically used to cite modules from which Textual Conventions are imported.

The following OLSRv2-MIB module IMPORTS objects from SNMPv2-SMI [RFC2578], SNMPv2-TC [RFC2579], SNMPv2-CONF [RFC2580], and IF-MIB [RFC2863]

7. Definitions

```
MANET-OLSRv2-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
   MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE,
   Counter32, mib-2
      FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                                -- [<u>RFC2578</u>]
   TruthValue
      FROM SNMPv2-TC
                                                 -- [RFC2579]
   MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
      FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                                -- [<u>RFC2580</u>]
   InterfaceIndex
      FROM IF-MIB
                                                 -- [RFC2863]
   InetAddress, InetAddressType,
   InetAddressPrefixLength
      FROM INET-ADDRESS-MIB
                                                -- [RFC4001]
   NeighborNodeId
      FROM NHDP-MIB
                                                -- [draft nhdp-mib]
manetOlsrv2MIB MODULE-IDENTITY
   LAST-UPDATED "200902151300Z" -- Jebruary 15, 2009
   ORGANIZATION "IETF MANET Working Group"
   CONTACT-INFO
      "WG E-Mail: manet@ietf.org
       WG Chairs: ian.chakeres@gmail.com
```

jmacker@nrl.navy.mil

Editors: Robert G. Cole

Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Lab and

Department of Computer Science

11000 Johns Hopkins Road

Room 02-257

Laurel, MD 22014

USA

+1 443 778-6951

robert.cole@jhuapl.edu

Thomas Heide Clausen LIX, Ecole Polytechnique

France

T.Clausen@computer.org"

DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module contains managed object definitions for the Manet OLSRv2 routing process defined in: Clausen, T. et.al., Optimized Link State Routing version 2 draft-ietf-manet-olsrv2-07, July 10, 2008.

Copyright (C) The IETF Trust (2009). This version of this MIB module is part of RFC xxxx; see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

```
-- Revision History
```

REVISION "200902151300Z" -- February 15, 2009 DESCRIPTION

"Second draft of this MIB module published as draft-cole-manet-olsrv2-mib-01.txt. Cleaned up table indexing and aligned with the NHDP-MIB draft (draft-cole-manet-nhdp-mib-01.txt)."

REVISION "200810241300Z" -- October 24, 2008 DESCRIPTION

"Initial draft of this MIB module published as draft-cole-manet-olsrv2-mib-00.txt."

-- RFC-Editor assigns XXXX

::= { mib-2 998 } -- to be assigned by IANA

-- TEXTUAL CONVENTIONS

- -

-- none

-- Top-Level Object Identifier Assignments olsrv2MIBNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { manet0lsrv2MIB 0 } -- olsrv2ConfigurationGroup This group contains the OLSRv2 objects that configure specific options that determine the overall performance and operation of the unicast routing process for the router device and its interfaces. olsrv2ConfigurationGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {olsrv2MIBObjects 1} olsrv2OperationalMode OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX INTEGER { withNHDP(1) MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current **DESCRIPTION** "The OLSRv2 node operational mode. The value withNHDP(1) indicates ..." DEFVAL { 1 } ::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 1 } -- Protocol Parameters for the OLSRv2 routing process. -- These are categorized following Section 5 of the -- OLSRv2 draft. -- Local history times olsrv20HoldTime OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255) UNITS "seconds"

```
MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The O HOLD TIME is used to define the time
      for which a recently used and replaced
       originator address is used to recognize
      the node's own messages.
       The following constraint applies to this
      parameter: olsrv20HoldTime >= 0"
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 2 }
-- Message intervals
olsrv2TcInterval OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
              "seconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The TC INTERVAL - is the maximum time
      between the transmission of two successive
      TC messages by this node. When no TC
      messages are sent in response to local
       network changes (by design, or because the
       local network is not changing) then TC
      messages SHOULD be sent at a regular
       interval TC INTERVAL, possibly modified
       by jitter as specified in [RFC5148].
       The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
          olsrv2TcInterval > 0
          olsrv2TcInterval >= olsrv2TcMinInterval"
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 3 }
olsrv2TcMinInterval OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (0..255)
               "seconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The TC MIN INTERVAL is the minimum
       interval between transmission of two
       successive TC messages by this node.
       (This minimum interval MAY be modified
       by jitter, as specified in [RFC5148].)
       The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
          TC MIN INTERVAL >= 0
         TC INTERVAL >= TC MIN INTERVAL"
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 4 }
-- Advertised information validity times
olsrv2THoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
               "seconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
               current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The olsrv2THoldTime is used to define the
      minimum value in the VALIDITY TIME TLV
       included in all TC messages sent by this node.
       If a single value of parameter TC HOP LIMIT
       (see <u>Section 5.6</u>) is used then this will be
       the only value in that TLV.
       The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
           T HOLD TIME > 0
           A HOLD TIME >= 0
           T HOLD TIME >= TC INTERVAL
       If TC messages can be lost, then both
       T HOLD TIME and A HOLD TIME SHOULD be
       significantly greater than TC INTERVAL;
```

```
a value \geq 3 x TC INTERVAL is RECOMMENDED.
      T HOLD TIME MUST be representable as
       described in [timetlv]."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
       Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 5 }
olsrv2AHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
  UNITS
               "seconds"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The olsrv2AHoldTime is the period during
      which TC messages are sent after they no
       longer have any advertised information
       to report, but are sent in order to
       accelerate outdated information removal by
       other nodes.
       The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
           T HOLD TIME > 0
           A HOLD TIME >= 0
           T HOLD TIME >= TC INTERVAL
       If TC messages can be lost, then both
       T HOLD TIME and A HOLD TIME SHOULD be
       significantly greater than TC INTERVAL;
       a value >= 3 x TC INTERVAL is RECOMMENDED.
       T HOLD TIME MUST be representable as
       described in [timetlv]."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
       Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 6 }
-- Received message validity times
olsrv2RxHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            Unsigned32 (0..255)
```

UNITS "seconds"
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The olsrv2RxHoldTime is an interface parameter, and is the period after receipt of a message by the appropriate OLSRv2 interface of this node for which that information is recorded, in order that the message is recognized as having been previously received on this OLSRv2 interface.

The following constraint applies to this parameter:

```
RX HOLD TIME > 0
```

All of these parameters SHOULD be greater than the maximum difference in time that a message may take to traverse the MANET, taking into account any message forwarding jitter as well as propagation, queuing, and processing delays."

DEFVAL { TBD }

REFERENCE

"The OLSR version 2 draft.

Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."

::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 7 }

olsrv2PHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255)

UNITS "seconds" MAX-ACCESS read-write STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The olsrv2PHoldTime is the period after receipt of a message which is processed by this node for which that information is recorded, in order that the message is not processed again if received again.

The following constraint applies to this parameter:

```
P HOLD TIME > 0
```

All of these parameters SHOULD be greater than the maximum difference in time that a

message may take to traverse the MANET,

```
taking into account any message forwarding
       jitter as well as propagation, queuing,
      and processing delays."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
       Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 8 }
olsrv2FHoldTime OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..255)
              "seconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The olsrv2FHoldTime is the period after
       receipt of a message which is forwarded
      by this node for which that information
       is recorded, in order that the message
       is not forwarded again if received again.
       The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
           F HOLD TIME > 0
      All of these parameters SHOULD be greater
       than the maximum difference in time that a
      message may take to traverse the MANET,
      taking into account any message forwarding
       jitter as well as propagation, queuing,
       and processing delays."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 9 }
-- Jitter times
olsrv2TpMaxJitter OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
  UNITS
              "milliseconds"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"If jitter, as defined in [RFC5148], is used
      then the jitter parameters are as follows:
       olsrv2TpMaxJitter represents the value of
      MAXJITTER used in [RFC5148] for periodically
       generated TC messages sent by this node.
       For constraints on these parameters,
       see [RFC5148]."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
       Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 10 }
olsrv2TtMaxJitter OBJECT-TYPE
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
               "milliseconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "If jitter, as defined in [RFC5148], is used
      then the jitter parameters are as follows:
       olsrv2TtMaxJitter represents the value of
      MAXJITTER used in [RFC5148] for externally
      triggered TC messages sent by this node.
       For constraints on these parameters,
       see [RFC5148]."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 11 }
olsrv2FMaxJitter OBJECT-TYPE
           Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
  UNITS
              "milliseconds"
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
      "If jitter, as defined in [RFC5148], is used
      then the jitter parameters are as follows:
      olsrv2FMaxJitter represents the default
      value of MAXJITTER used in [RFC5148] for
      messages forwarded by this node. However
```

before using F MAXJITTER a node MAY attempt

```
to deduce a more appropriate value of MAXJITTER,
       for example based on any INTERVAL TIME or
       VALIDITY TIME TLVs contained in the message
       to be forwarded.
      For constraints on these parameters,
       see [RFC5148]."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 12 }
-- Hop limits
olsrv2TcHopLimit OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..255)
              "hops"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The parameter olsrv2TcHopLimit is the
      hop limit set in each TC message.
      TC HOP LIMIT MAY be a single fixed value,
      or MAY be different in TC messages sent
      by the same node.
      The following constraint applies to this
       parameter:
          The maximum value of
          olsrv2TcHopLimit >= the network diameter
          in hops, a value of 255 is RECOMMENDED.
          All values of olsrv2TcHopLimit >= 2."
   DEFVAL { TBD }
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 13 }
-- Willingness
olsrv2Williness OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            Unsigned32 (0..255)
```

```
UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
          current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      "The olsrv2Williness MUST be in the range
      WILL NEVER (0) to WILL ALWAYS (255), inclusive,
       and represents its willingness to be an MPR,
       and hence its willingness to forward messages
       and be an intermediate node on routes.
      Note: Need to rethink the range and units for
       this parameter."
  DEFVAL { TBD }
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSR version 2 draft.
      Section 5 on Protocol Parameters."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 14 }
-- Local Attached Network Set
-- This table is part of the OLSR/NHDP
-- Local Information Base (LIB). It is
-- placed in the Configuration Group because
-- this table contains configured information.
olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              obsolete
  DESCRIPTION
      " A node's Local Attached Network Set records
        its local non-OLSRv2 interfaces that can act
        as gateways to other networks. The Local
       Attached Network Set is not modified by this
        protocol. This protocol MAY respond to changes
        to the Local Attached Network Set, which MUST
        reflect corresponding changes in the node's status.
       Note: Need clarification on the above claim that
        this set records interface information. The
       tuple included in this set is only network
       address information."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2ConfigurationGroup 15 }
```

```
olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              Olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The entries include the Local Attached
      Network Tuples:
          (AL net addr, AL dist)
      where:
         AL net addr is the network address
         of an attached network which can
         be reached via this node.
         AL dist is the number of hops to
         the network with address AL net addr
          from this node."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddr,
          olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddrPrefixLen }
::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddrType
        InetAddressType,
     olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddr
       InetAddress,
     olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddrPrefixLen
       InetAddressPrefixLength,
     olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetDistance
       Unsigned32,
     olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetRowStatus
       RowStatus
    }
olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The type of the olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddr, as defined
      in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
```

```
::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry 1 }
 olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the network address of an attached
       network which can be reached via this node.
       This node will act as a gateway for this
       address for the OLSR MANET."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
 ::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry 2 }
 SYNTAX
             InetAddressPrefixLength
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the number of leading one bits that form the
      mask to be logical-ANDed with the destination address
      before being compared to the value in the
      olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetIpAddr field."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry 3 }
SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (1..255)
            "hops"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This object specifies the number of hops
      to the network with address AL net addr
      from this node."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry 4 }
SYNTAX
             RowStatus
  MAX-ACCESS read-create
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This object permits management of the table
      by facilitating actions such as row creation,
```

```
construction, and destruction. The value of
       this object has no effect on whether other
       objects in this conceptual row can be
       modified."
::= { olsrv2LibLocAttNetSetEntry 5 }
-- olsrv2StateGroup
     Contains information describing the current state of the
      OLSRv2 routing process such as the ...
-- Note: the OLSRv2 draft discusses the option for dynamically
-- changing the values of the configuration parameters
-- identified above. In this case we would want to include
-- a set of state objects (potentially) which track the current
-- values or the range of values that these dynamic objects
-- have.
olsrv2StateGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { olsrv2MIBObjects 2 }
olsrv2NodeStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The current status of the OLSRv2 node
       routing process ..."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 1 }
 -- The OLSRv2 draft defines several information bases
 -- to be maintained by the OLSRv2 compliant nodes.
 -- We list these in the order defined in the OLSRv2
 -- draft.
 - -
 -- Local Information Base - as defined in [nhdp],
 -- extended by the addition of an Originator Set,
 -- defined in Section 6.1.1 and a Local Attached
 -- Network Set, defined in <u>Section 6.1.2</u>.
```

```
-- Originator Set
olsrv2LibOrigSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
               obsolete
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      " A node's Originator Set records addresses
       that were recently originator addresses.
       If a node's originator address is immutable
       then this set is always empty and MAY be
       omitted. It consists of Originator Tuples:
       (0 orig addr, 0 time)."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 2 }
olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             Olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     " A node's Originator Set records addresses
       that were recently originator addresses.
       If a node's originator address is immutable
       then this set is always empty and MAY be
       omitted. It consists of Originator Tuples:
       (0 orig addr, 0_time)."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2LibOrigSetIpAddr }
::= { olsrv2LibOrigSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2LibOrigSetIpAddrType
       InetAddressType,
     olsrv2LibOrigSetIpAddr
       InetAddress,
     olsrv2LibOriqSetExpireTime
       Unsigned32
    }
SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
     "The type of the olsrv2LibOrigSetIpAddr, as defined
      in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2LibOrigSetIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             InetAddress
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A recently used originator address
      by this node."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry 2 }
Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
            "milliseconds"
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
           current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "This object specifies the time at which this
      entry expires and MUST be removed.
      Note: need to change the type here to a time/date type,
      not a time in seconds left to expire."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2LibOrigSetEntry 3 }
-- Interface Information Bases - as defined in
-- [nhdp], one Interface Information Base for
-- each OLSRv2 interface.
-- Note: The IIB is fully defined in the NHRP
-- and its associated MIB.
```

```
-- Node Information Base - as defined in [nhdp],
-- extended by the addition of three elements to
-- each Neighbor Tuple, as defined in <u>Section 6.2</u>.
-- Neighbor Set
olsrv2NibNeighborSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
  STATUS
               obsolete
  DESCRIPTION
      "Each Neighbor Tuple in the Neighbor Set, defined
       in [nhdp], has these additional elements:
            N willingness
            N mpr
            N mpr selector
       defined here as extensions."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 4 }
olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX Olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "Each Neighbor Tuple in the Neighbor Set, defined
       in [nhdp], has these additional elements:
            N willingness
            N mpr
            N mpr selector
       defined here as extensions."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2NibNeighborSetNodeId }
::= { olsrv2NibNeighborSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2NibNeighborSetNodeId
        NeighborNodeId,
      olsrv2NibNeighborSetNWilliness
       Unsigned32,
      olsrv2NibNeighborSetNMpr
        TruthValue,
      olsrv2NibNeighborSetNMprSelector
```

```
TruthValue
    }
olsrv2NibNeighborSetNodeId OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              NeighborNodeId
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The object olsrv2NibNeighborSetNodeId is
      the locally assigned ID of the remote node
       referenced in this row. The IP addrs
      associated with this node is contained
      in the NHDP-MIB's 'nhdpDiscIfSetTable'.
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2NibNeighborSetNWilliness OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (1..255)
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "This object, N willingness, is the neighbor
      node's willingness to be selected as an MPR, in
      the range from WILL NEVER (0) to WILL ALWAYS
       (255), both inclusive."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry 2 }
olsrv2NibNeighborSetNMpr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              TruthValue
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
              current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      "This object, N mpr, is a boolean flag,
      describing if this neighbor is selected as
      an MPR by this node.
      When set to 'true', this neighbor is selected
       as an MPR by this node. When set to 'false',
      it is not selected by this node as an MPR."
  REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry 3 }
```

```
olsrv2NibNeighborSetNMprSelector OBJECT-TYPE
              TruthValue
  SYNTAX
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "This object, N mpr selector, is a boolean flag,
      describing if this neighbor has selected this node
      as an MPR, i.e. is an MPR selector of this node.
      When set to 'true', then this node is selected as
      an MPR by the neighbor node. When set to 'false',
      then this node is not selected by the neighbor
      as an MPR"
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2NibNeighborSetEntry 4 }
-- Topology Information Base - this Information
-- Base is specific to OLSRv2, and is defined in
-- <u>Section 6.3</u>.
-- Advertised Neighbor Set
SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The Advertised Neighbor Set Sequence Number
      (ANSN) is maintained associated with the
      olsrv2TipAdNeighborSetTable. Each time the
      Advertised Neighbor Set Table is updated, the
      ANSN MUST be incremented. The ANSN MUST also
      be incremented if there is a change to the
      set of Local Attached Network Tuples that are to
      be advertised in the node's TC messages."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 5 }
```

```
olsrv2TipAdNeighborSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
  STATUS
               obsolete
  DESCRIPTION
     "A node's Advertised Neighbor Set Table contains
      interface addresses of symmetric 1-hop neighbors
      which are to be advertised through TC messages."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 6 }
olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
              Olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A node's Advertised Neighbor Set Table contains
      interface addresses of symmetric 1-hop neighbors
      which are to be advertised through TC messages."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetIpAddr }
::= { olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetIpAddrType
       InetAddressType,
     olsrv2NibNeighborSetIpAddr
       InetAddress
    }
SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The type of the olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetIpAddr, as defined
      in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
             InetAddress
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
     "This is the interface address of a
      symmetric 1-hop neighbor which is to be
      advertised through TC messages."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry 2 }
-- Advertised Remote Node Set
-- Note: Need to think more about the structure of this table
-- due to the existence of multiple IfAddrs per Remote Node
olsrv2TipAdRemoteNodeSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              obsolete
  DESCRIPTION
      "A node's Advertising Remote Node Set records
      information describing each remote node in the
      network that transmits TC messages."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 7 }
SYNTAX Olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
     "A node's Advertised Neighbor Set Table entry
      It consists of Advertising Remote Node Tuples:
          (AR orig addr, AR seg number,
                      AR iface addr list, AR time)
      Addresses associated with this node are
      found in the NHDP-MIB's 'nhdpDiscIfSetTable'.
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetNodeId }
::= { olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2TibAdNeighborSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
```

```
olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetIpAddrType
       InetAddressType,
     olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetIpAddr
       InetAddress.
     olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetNodeId
       NeighborNodeId,
     olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetMaxSegNo
       Unsigned32,
     olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetExpireTime
      Unsigned32
    }
InetAddressType
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "The type of the olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetIpAddr,
      as defined in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            InetAddress
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This is the originator address of a received
     TC message."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry 2 }
SYNTAX
            NeighborNodeId
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This object is an additional index for each
     Remote Node's IfAddr associated with the
      olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetIpAddr."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry 3 }
```

```
SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (0..65535)
    UNITS
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The is the greatest ANSN in any TC message
        received which originated from the node
        with originator address AR orig addr
       (i.e. which contributed to the information
       contained in this Tuple)."
    REFERENCE
       "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry 4 }
-- Need to change this type to a time syntax.
Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "The AR time is the time at which this
      Tuple expires and MUST be removed."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAdRemoteNodeSetEntry 5 }
-- Topology Set
-- Note: Need to think more about the structure of this table
-- due to the existence of multiple DestAddrs per Orig Addr
olsrv2TipTopologySetTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry
   MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
   STATUS
                obsolete
   DESCRIPTION
      "A node's Topology Set records topology
       information about the network."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 8 }
olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               Olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry
```

```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "It consists of Topology Tuples:
          (T dest iface addr, T orig addr,
                       T seq number, T time)"
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr }
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetTable 1 }
Olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr
       InetAddress,
     olsrv2TibTopologySetOrigIpAddrType
       InetAddressType,
     olsrv2TibTopologySetOrigIpAddr
       InetAddress,
     olsrv2TibTopologySetSeqNo
       Unsigned32,
     olsrv2TibTopologySetExpireTime
       Unsigned32
    }
InetAddressType
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The type of the olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr
      and olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr,
      as defined in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 1 }
olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddress
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      "This is an interface address of a
      destination node, which may be reached
      in one hop from the node with originator
      address T orig addr."
  REFERENCE
```

```
"The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 2 }
olsrv2TibTopologySetOrigIpAddrType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              InetAddressType
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The type of the olsrv2TibTopologySetOrigIpAddr
      and olsrv2TibTopologySetDestIfIpAddr,
      as defined in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 3 }
olsrv2TibTopologySetOrigIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddress
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This is the originator address of a node
      which is the last hop on a path towards
      the node with interface address
      T dest iface addr."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 4 }
olsrv2TipTopologySetSegNo OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "The is the greatest ANSN in any
      TC message received which originated from
      the node with originator address T orig addr
      (i.e. which contributed to the information
      contained in this Tuple)."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 5 }
 -- Need to change this type to a time syntax.
SYNTAX
              Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             current
  STATUS
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"This is the time at which this
      Tuple expires and MUST be removed."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetEntry 6 }
-- Attached Network Set
olsrv2TipAttNetworksSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
               obsolete
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "A node's Attached Network Set records information
      about networks attached to other nodes."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 9 }
SYNTAX Olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
      "It consists of Attached Network Tuples:
              (AN net addr, AN orig addr,
                     AN dist, AN seq number, AN time)"
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
  INDEX { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddrType,
          olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddr,
          olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddrPrefixLen }
::= { olsrv2TibTopologySetTable 1 }
Olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry ::=
  SEQUENCE {
     olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddrType
       InetAddressType,
     olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddr
       InetAddress,
     olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddrPrefixLen
       InetAddressPrefixLength,
```

```
olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetOrigIpAddr
        InetAddress,
      olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetSegNo
        Unsigned32.
      olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetDist
        Unsigned32,
      olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetExpireTime
        Unsigned32
     }
SYNTAX
             InetAddressType
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The type of the olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddr,
       as defined in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
              InetAddress
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is is the network address of an
       attached network, which may be reached via
       the node with originator address AN orig addr."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 2 }
olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddrPrefixLen OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              InetAddressPrefixLength
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "Indicates the number of leading one bits that form the
      mask to be logical-ANDed with the destination address
      before being compared to the value in the
      olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetNetIpAddr field."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 3 }
olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetOrigIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
             InetAddress
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This is the originator address of a
      node which can act as gateway to the
      network with address AN net addr,
      note that this does not include a
      prefix length."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 4 }
SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (0..255)
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
             "hops"
  UNITS
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "The is the number of hops to the network
      with address AN net addr from the node with
      originator address AN orig addr."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 5 }
Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
     "The is the greatest ANSN in any TC
      message received which originated from the
      node with originator address AN orig addr
      (i.e. which contributed to the information
      contained in this Tuple)."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 6 }
-- Need to change this type to a time syntax.
SYNTAX
             Unsigned32 (0..65535)
  UNITS
  MAX-ACCESS read-only
  STATUS
             current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"This is the time at which this
      Tuple expires and MUST be removed."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry 7 }
-- Routing Set
-- Note: Does this RoutingSetTable overlap too much with the
-- information already available in the latest standard MIB
-- forwarding table?
-- Note: Do all of these addresses contained in a single
-- entry in the Routing Set have to have the same addrType?
olsrv2TipRoutingSetTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF Olsrv2TibRoutingSetSetEntry
   MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
   STATUS
                obsolete
   DESCRIPTION
       "A node's Routing Set records the selected path to
       each destination for which a route is known."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2StateGroup 10 }
olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               Olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
        "It consists of Routing Tuples:
             (R dest addr, R next iface addr,
                        R dist, R local iface addr)."
   REFERENCE
       "The OLSRv2 draft."
   INDEX { olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddrType,
           olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddr,
           olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddrPrefLen }
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetTable 1 }
Olsrv2TibAttNetworksSetEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
      olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddrType
```

```
InetAddressType,
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddr
       InetAddress.
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddrPrefLen
       InetAddressPrefixLength,
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetNextIfIpAddr
       InetAddress.
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetDist
       Unsigned32,
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetLocalIfIpAddr
       InetAddress
    }
SYNTAX
             InetAddressType
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
     "The type of the olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddr
      and olsrv2TibRoutingSetNextIfIpAddr,
      as defined in the InetAddress MIB [RFC 4001]."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 1 }
olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
             InetAddress
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
         current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
     "This is the address of the destination,
      either the address of an interface of
      a destination node, or the network
      address of an attached network."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 2 }
SYNTAX
            InetAddressPrefixLength
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS
            current
 DESCRIPTION
    "Indicates the number of leading one bits that form the
     mask to be logical-ANDed with the destination address
     before being compared to the value in the
     olsrv2TibRoutingSetDestNetIpAddr field.
```

```
Note: This definition needs to be consistent
      with the current forwarding table MIB description.
      Specifically, it should allow for longest prefix
      matching of network addresses."
  REFERENCE
     "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 3 }
olsrv2TibRoutingSetNextIfIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
              InetAddress
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the OLSRv2 interface address of the
       'next hop' on the selected path to the
       destination."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 4 }
 Unsigned32 (0..255)
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   UNITS
               "hops"
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The is the number of hops on the selected
       path to the destination."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 5 }
olsrv2TibRoutingSetLocalIfIpAddr OBJECT-TYPE
               InetAddress
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
             current
   DESCRIPTION
      "This is the address of the local OLSRv2
       interface over which a packet MUST be
       sent to reach the destination by the
       selected path."
   REFERENCE
      "The OLSRv2 draft."
::= { olsrv2TibRoutingSetEntry 6 }
```

```
-- Processing and Forwarding Information Base - this
 -- Information Base is specific to OLSRv2, and
 -- is defined in Section 6.4.
 -- Note: Is it appropriate or necessary to put the
 -- level of detail found in the Processing and
 --- Forwarding Information Base into the OLSRv2-MIB?
 -- Received Set
 -- Processed Set
 -- Forwarded Set
 -- Relayed Set
-- OLSRv2 Performance Group
      Contains objects which help to characterize the
      performance of the OLSRv2 routing process, such as ...
olsrv2PerformanceGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { olsrv2MIBObjects 3 }
olsrv2GlPerfGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {olsrv2PerformanceGroup 1}
-- Note: Objects to be defined.
-- Per OLSRv2 Interface Performance Table
olsrv2IfPerfGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= {olsrv2PerformanceGroup 2}
-- Note: Objects to be defined.
-- Notifications
-- Note: What notifications do we want for this MIB?
```

```
-- Compliance Statements
-- Note: need to update the Compliance section once the mib
        objects stabilize.
olsrv2Compliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { olsrv2MIBConformance 1 }
olsrv2BasicCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION "The basic implementation requirements for
               managed network entities that implement
               the OLSRv2 routing process."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { olsrv2ConfigObjectsGroup }
::= { olsrv2Compliances 1 }
olsrv2FullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION "The full implementation requirements for
               managed network entities that implement
               the OLSRv2 routing process."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { olsrv2ConfigObjectsGroup,
                    olsrv2StateObjectsGroup,
                    olsrv2Perf0bjectsGroup }
::= { olsrv2Compliances 2 }
-- Units of Conformance
olsrv2ConfigObjectsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
          losrv2OperationalMode
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
     "Set of OLSRv2 configuration objects implemented
      in this module."
::= { olsrv2MIBGroups 1 }
olsrv2StateObjectsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
          olsrv2NodeStatus
```

8. Security Considerations

[TODO] Each specification that defines one or more MIB modules MUST contain a section that discusses security considerations relevant to those modules. This section MUST be patterned after the latest approved template (available at http://www.ops.ietf.org/mib-security.html). Remember that the objective is not to blindly copy text from the template, but rather to think and evaluate the risks/vulnerabilities and then state/document the result of this evaluation.

[TODO] if you have any read-write and/or read-create objects, please include the following boilerplate paragraph.

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

o [TODO] writable MIB objects that could be especially disruptive if abused MUST be explicitly listed by name and the associated security risks MUST be spelled out; RFC 2669 has a very good example. Internet-Draft The OLSRv2-MIB February 2009

o [TODO] list the writable tables and objects and state why they are sensitive.

[TODO] else if there are no read-write objects in your MIB module, use the following boilerplate paragraph.

There are no management objects defined in this MIB module that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. So, if this MIB module is implemented correctly, then there is no risk that an intruder can alter or create any management objects of this MIB module via direct SNMP SET operations.

[TODO] if you have any sensitive readable objects, please include the following boilerplate paragraph.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o [TODO] you must explicitly list by name any readable objects that
 are sensitive or vulnerable and the associated security risks MUST
 be spelled out (for instance, if they might reveal customer
 information or violate personal privacy laws such as those of the
 European Union if exposed to unauthorized parties)
- o [TODO] list the tables and objects and state why they are sensitive.

[TODO] discuss what security the protocol used to carry the information should have. The following three boilerplate paragraphs should not be changed without very good reason. Changes will almost certainly require justification during IESG review.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Internet-Draft The OLSRv2-MIB February 2009

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. IANA Considerations

[TODO] In order to comply with IESG policy as set forth in http://www.ietf.org/ID-Checklist.html, every Internet-Draft that is submitted to the IESG for publication MUST contain an IANA Considerations section. The requirements for this section vary depending what actions are required of the IANA. see RFC4181 section 3.5 for more information on writing an IANA clause for a MIB module document.

[TODO] select an option and provide the necessary details.

Option #1:

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value sampleMIB { mib-2 XXX }

Option #2:

Editor's Note (to be removed prior to publication): the IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value and to remove this note.

Note well: prior to official assignment by the IANA, a draft document MUST use place holders (such as "XXX" above) rather than actual numbers. See RFC4181 Section 4.5 for an example of how this is done in a draft MIB module.

Option #3:

This memo includes no request to IANA.

Internet-Draft The OLSRv2-MIB February 2009

10. Contributors

This MIB document uses the template authored by D. Harrington which is based on contributions from the MIB Doctors, especially Juergen Schoenwaelder, Dave Perkins, C.M.Heard and Randy Presuhn.

11. Acknowledgements

12. References

12.1. Normative References

[RFC2863]		McCloghrie, K. and F. Kastenholz, "The Interfaces Group MIB", <u>RFC 2863</u> , June 2000.
[RFC3418]		Presuhn, R., "Management Information Base (MIB) for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)", STD 62, RFC 3418, December 2002.
[RFC2119]		Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", <u>BCP 14</u> , <u>RFC 2119</u> , March 1997.
[RFC2578]		McCloghrie, K., Ed., Perkins, D., Ed., and J. Schoenwaelder, Ed., "Structure of Management Information Version 2 (SMIv2)", STD 58, RFC 2578, April 1999.
[RFC2579]		McCloghrie, K., Ed., Perkins, D., Ed., and J. Schoenwaelder, Ed., "Textual Conventions for SMIv2", STD 58, RFC 2579, April 1999.
[RFC2580]		McCloghrie, K., Perkins, D., and J. Schoenwaelder, "Conformance Statements for SMIv2", STD 58, <u>RFC 2580</u> , April 1999.
[I-D.ietf-man	net-olsrv2]	Clausen, T., Dearlove, C., and P. Jacquet, "The Optimized Link State Routing Protocol version 2", draft-ietf-manet-olsrv2-07 (work in progress), July 2008.

12.2. Informative References

[RFC3410]	Case, J., Mundy, R., Partain, D., and B.
	Stewart, "Introduction and Applicability
	Statements for Internet-Standard Management
	Framework". RFC 3410. December 2002.

Appendix A. Change Log

This section identifies the cannges made during the development of this MTB.

Here we list the changes made in developing draft-cole-manet-olsr-mib-01.

1. Completely reworked the entire Configuration Objects group in order to align with the newly developed NHDP-MIB draft.

Appendix B. Open Issues

This section contains the set of open issues related to the development and design of the OLSRv2-MIB. This section will not be present in the final version of the MIB and will be removed once all the open issues have been resolved.

- 1. Look into possible redundancy between the TIB Routing Set and the latest standard MIB forwarding table.
- 2. Fill out the performance objects group.
- 3. Complete notification group.
- 4. Complete conformance group.
- 5. Work on the relationship to other MIBs, IF-MIB, NHDP-MIB.
- 6. Identify all objects requiring non-volatile storage in their DESCRIPTION clauses.
- 7. Incorporate parameter relationship conditions into their DESCRIPTION clauses.
- 8. Also, specify specific SNMP response to the snmp set request, i.e., 'generic error', 'bad value', etc.
- 9. Fill in all of the DEFVAL within the configuration group objects.
- 10. Run through the MIB checker.
- 11. Complete the security analysis and section.
- 12. Clean up all of the 'Note:' statements within the body of the MIB.

13. Cleanup all the [TODOs] from the MIB template.

Appendix C.

Authors' Addresses

Robert G. Cole Johns Hopkins University 11100 Johns Hopkins Road, Room 257 Laurel, Maryland 21073 USA

Phone: +1 443 778 6951

EMail: robert.cole@jhuapl.edu

URI: http://www.cs.jhu.edu/~rgcole/

Thomas Heide Clausen LIX, Ecole Polytechnique France

Phone: +33 6 6058 9349

EMail: T.Clausen@computer.org

URI: http://www.ThomasClausen.org/